

# « Bi-inductive Structural Semantics »

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# 1. Motivation

## Motivation

- We look for a formalism to **specify abstract program semantics**
  - from definitional semantics ...
  - to static program analysis algorithms
  - coping with **termination & non-termination**,
  - handling the many **different styles of presentations** found in the literature (rules, fixpoint, equations, constraints, ...) in a uniform way
- A simple **generalization of inductive definitions** from sets to posets seems adequate.



## 2. Bi-inductive Structural Definitions

Over-simplified for the presentation!

# Inductive definitions

Set-theoretic [Acz77]

$\langle \wp(\mathcal{U}), \subseteq \rangle$

$\frac{P}{c} \in \mathcal{R} \quad (P \in \wp(\mathcal{U}), c \in \mathcal{U})$

$F(X) \triangleq \left\{ c \mid \exists \frac{P}{c} \in \mathcal{R} : P \subseteq X \right\}$

$\text{lfp}^{\subseteq} F \in \wp(\mathcal{U})$

$\subseteq$ -least  $X : F(X) = X$

$\subseteq$ -least  $X : F(X) \subseteq X$

$\left\{ \frac{X}{c} \mid X \subseteq \mathcal{U} \wedge c \in F(X) \right\}$

universe

rules

transformer

fixpoint def.

equational def.

constraint def.

rules

# Inductive definitions

Set-theoretic [Acz77]

$$\langle \wp(\mathcal{U}), \subseteq \rangle$$

$$\frac{P}{c} \in \mathcal{R} \quad (P \in \wp(\mathcal{U}), c \in \mathcal{U})$$

$$F(X) \triangleq \left\{ c \mid \exists \frac{P}{c} \in \mathcal{R} : P \subseteq X \right\}$$

$$\text{lfp}^{\subseteq} F \in \wp(\mathcal{U})$$

$$\subseteq\text{-least } X : F(X) = X$$

$$\subseteq\text{-least } X : F(X) \subseteq X$$

$$\left\{ \frac{X}{c} \mid X \subseteq \mathcal{U} \wedge c \in F(X) \right\}$$

Order-theoretic

$$\langle \mathcal{D}, \sqsubseteq \rangle$$

$$\frac{P}{C} \in \mathcal{R} \quad (P, C \in \mathcal{D})$$

$$F(X) \triangleq \bigsqcup \left\{ C \mid \exists \frac{P}{c} \in \mathcal{R} : P \subseteq X \right\}$$

$$\text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq} F \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$\sqsubseteq\text{-least } X : F(X) = X$$

$$\sqsubseteq\text{-least } X : F(X) \sqsubseteq X$$

$$\left\{ \frac{X}{F(X)} \mid X \in \mathcal{D} \right\}$$

universe

rules

transformer

fixpoint def.

equational def.

constraint def.

rules



# 3. Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus



# Syntax

# Syntax of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus

$x, y, z, \dots \in \mathbb{X}$	variables
$c \in \mathbb{C}$	constants ( $\mathbb{X} \cap \mathbb{C} = \emptyset$ )
$c ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid \dots$	
$v \in \mathbb{V}$	values
$v ::= c \mid \lambda x. a$	
$e \in \mathbb{E}$	errors
$e ::= c a \mid e a$	
$a, a', a_1, \dots, b, \dots \in \mathbb{T}$	terms
$a ::= x \mid v \mid a a'$	



# Trace Semantics

## Example I: Finite Computation

	function	argument
	$((\lambda x \cdot x x) (\lambda y \cdot y))$	$((\lambda z \cdot z) 0)$
→		evaluate function
	$((\lambda y \cdot y) (\lambda y \cdot y))$	$((\lambda z \cdot z) 0)$
→		evaluate function, cont'd
	$(\lambda y \cdot y)$	$((\lambda z \cdot z) 0)$
→		evaluate argument
	$(\lambda y \cdot y)$	$0$
→		apply function to argument
	$0$	<i>a value!</i>



## Example II: Infinite Computation

function argument

$(\lambda x. x x) (\lambda x. x x)$

→ apply function to argument

$(\lambda x. x x) (\lambda x. x x)$

→ apply function to argument

$(\lambda x. x x) (\lambda x. x x)$

→ apply function to argument

... *non termination!*



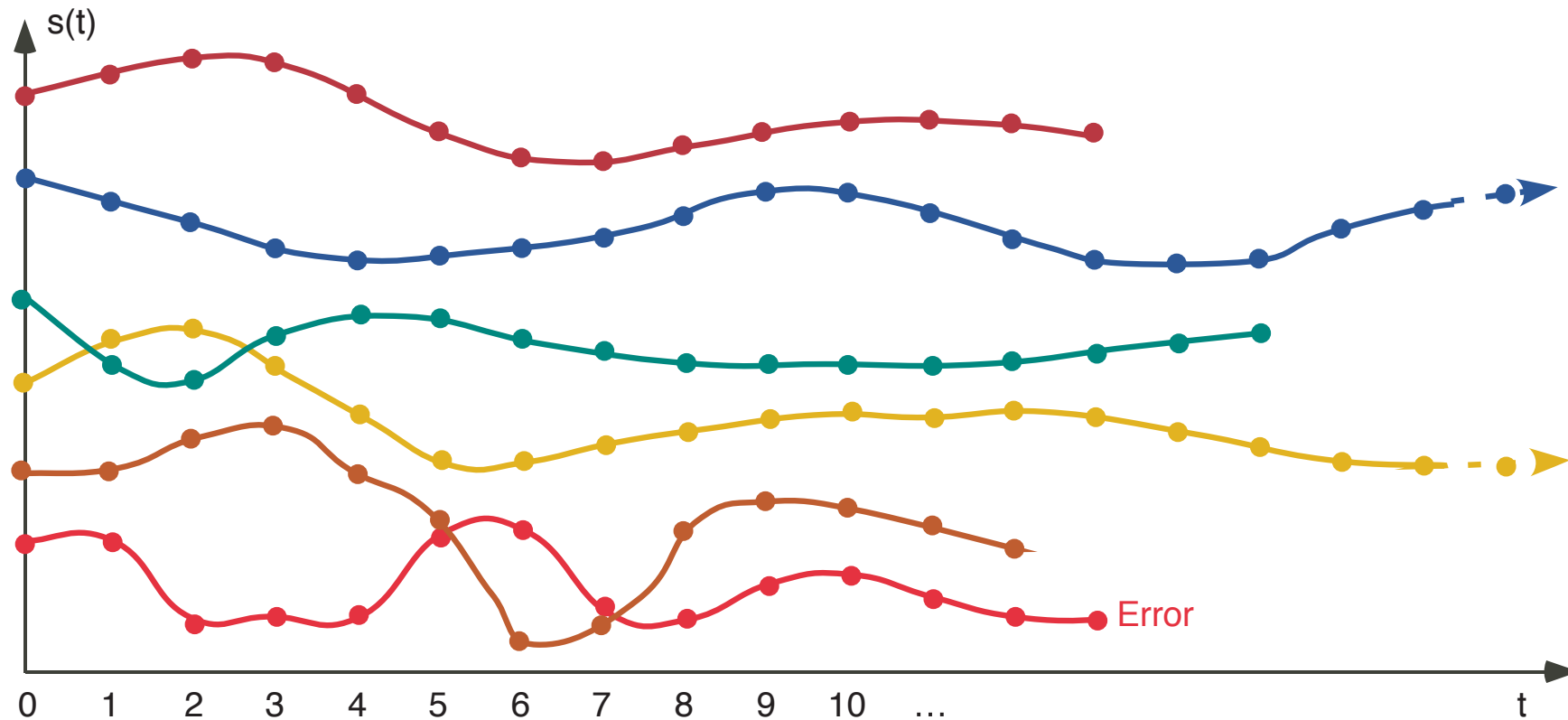
## Example III: Erroneous Computation

	function	argument
	$((\lambda x. x x) ((\lambda z. z) 0))$	$((\lambda y. y) 0)$
→		evaluate argument
	$((\lambda x. x x) ((\lambda z. z) 0)) 0$	
→		evaluate function
	$((\lambda x. x x) 0) 0$	
→		evaluate function, cont'd
	$(0 0) 0$	

*a runtime error!*



# Finite, Infinite and Erroneous Trace Semantics



## Traces

- $\mathbb{T}^*$  (resp.  $\mathbb{T}^+$ ,  $\mathbb{T}^\omega$ ,  $\mathbb{T}^\alpha$  and  $\mathbb{T}^\infty$ ) be the set of finite (resp. nonempty finite, infinite, finite or infinite, and nonempty finite or infinite) sequences of terms
- $\epsilon$  is the empty sequence  $\epsilon \bullet \sigma = \sigma \bullet \epsilon = \sigma$ .
- $|\sigma| \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{\omega\}$  is the length of  $\sigma \in \mathbb{T}^\alpha$ .  $|\epsilon| = 0$ .
- If  $\sigma \in \mathbb{T}^+$  then  $|\sigma| > 0$  and  $\sigma = \sigma_0 \bullet \sigma_1 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_{|\sigma|-1}$ .
- If  $\sigma \in \mathbb{T}^\omega$  then  $|\sigma| = \omega$  and  $\sigma = \sigma_0 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_n \bullet \dots$





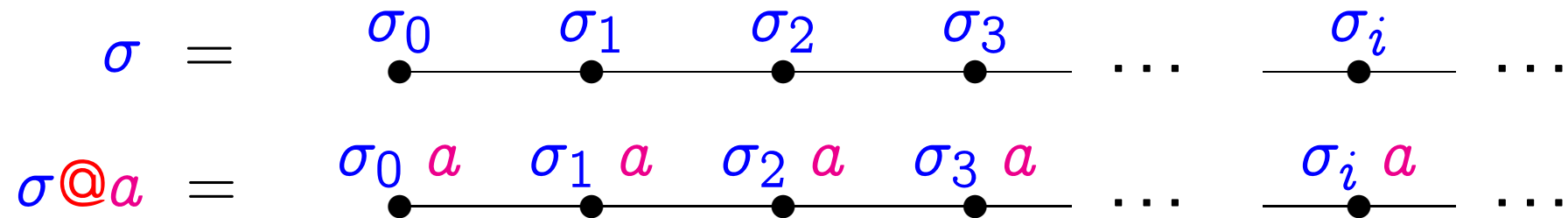
## Operations on Traces

- For  $a \in \mathbb{T}$  and  $\sigma \in \mathbb{T}^\infty$ , we define  $a@ \sigma$  to be  $\sigma' \in \mathbb{T}^\infty$  such that  $\forall i < |\sigma| : \sigma'_i = a \sigma_i$

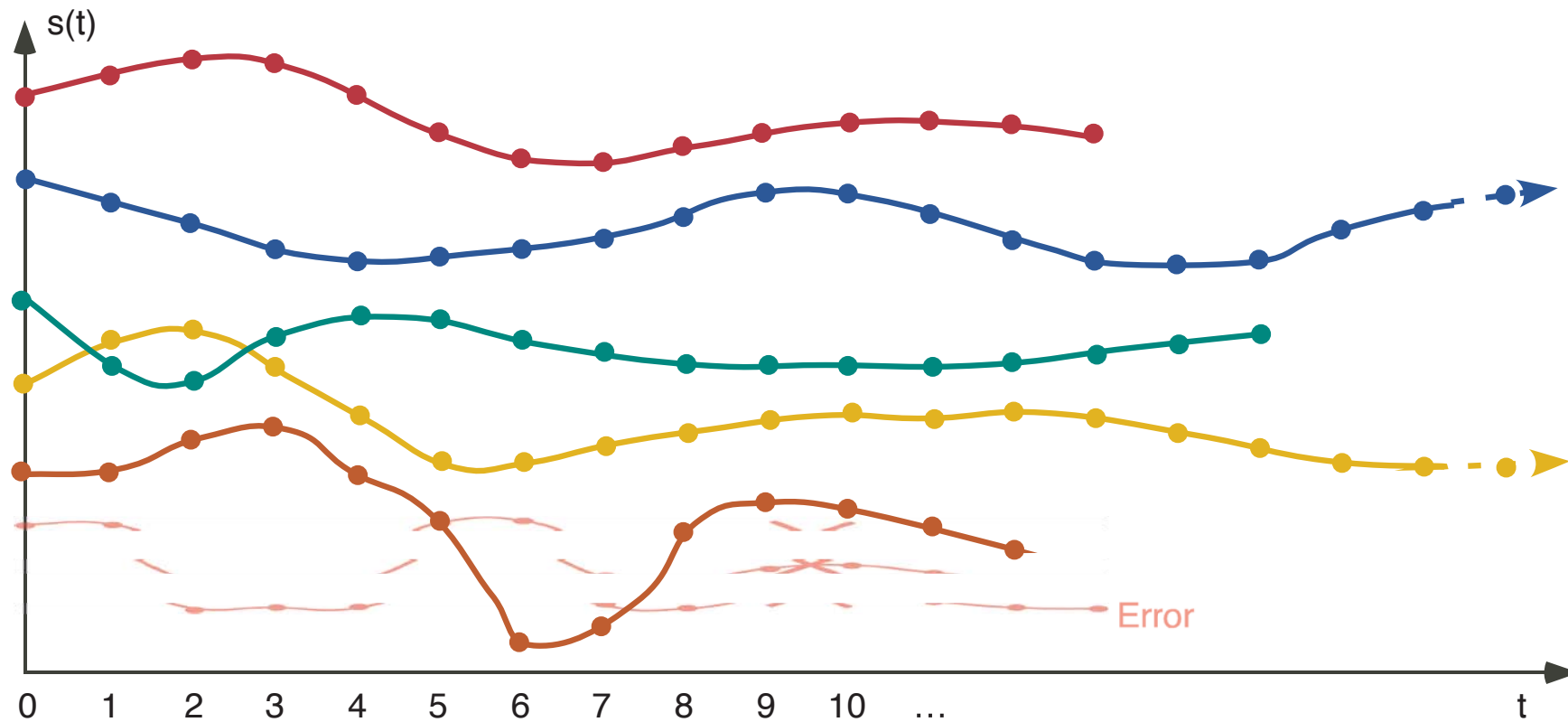
$$\begin{array}{l} \sigma = \\ a@ \sigma = \end{array} \begin{array}{ccccccc} \sigma_0 & \sigma_1 & \sigma_2 & \sigma_3 & \dots & \sigma_i & \dots \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \dots & \bullet & \dots \\ \hline a \sigma_0 & a \sigma_1 & a \sigma_2 & a \sigma_3 & \dots & a \sigma_i & \dots \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \dots & \bullet & \dots \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Operations on Traces (Cont'd)

- Similarly for  $a \in \mathbb{T}$  and  $\sigma \in \mathbb{T}^\infty$ ,  $\sigma@a$  is  $\sigma'$  where  $\forall i < |\sigma| : \sigma'_i = \sigma_i a$



# Finite and Infinite Trace Semantics



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{\mathbb{S}}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{a@ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(a@ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{\sigma@ b \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq$$

$$\frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\sigma@ b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $\text{FV}(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid \text{FV}(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{\mathbb{S}}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$\frac{v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}, v \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{a@ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(a@ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{\sigma@ b \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\sigma@ b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $\text{FV}(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid \text{FV}(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{\mathbb{S}}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$\frac{v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}, v \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}}{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^w \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V}} \frac{a @ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^w} \sqsubseteq$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^w \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V}}{a @ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(a @ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^w \sqsubseteq}{\sigma @ b \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\sigma @ b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $\text{FV}(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid \text{FV}(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{\mathbb{S}}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$\begin{array}{c}
 v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}, v \in \mathbb{V} \\
 \\
 \frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{a@ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V} \\
 \\
 \frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega}{\sigma@b \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq \\
 \\
 \frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V} \\
 \\
 \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(a@ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V} \\
 \\
 \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\sigma@b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}
 \end{array}$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $\text{FV}(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid \text{FV}(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



## The Computational Lattice

Given  $S, T \in \wp(\mathbb{T}^\infty)$ , we define

- $S^+ \triangleq S \cap \mathbb{T}^+$  finite traces
- $S^\omega \triangleq S \cap \mathbb{T}^\omega$  infinite traces
- $S \sqsubseteq T \triangleq S^+ \subseteq T^+ \wedge S^\omega \supseteq T^\omega$  computational order
- $\langle \wp(\mathbb{T}^\infty), \sqsubseteq, \mathbb{T}^\omega, \mathbb{T}^+, \sqcup, \sqcap \rangle$  is a complete lattice



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{S}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$\frac{v \in \vec{S}, v \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{S}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{S}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}}{} \sqsubseteq$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{S}^\omega \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{S}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{S}}{(a@ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{S}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V}}{a@ \sigma \in \vec{S}} \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{S}^\omega}{\sigma@ b \in \vec{S}} \sqsubseteq \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{S}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{S}}{(\sigma@ b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{S}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $FV(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid FV(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



# Bifinitary Trace Semantics $\vec{\mathbb{S}}$ of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus<sup>1</sup>

$$\frac{v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}, v \in \mathbb{V} \quad \frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \bullet a[x \leftarrow v] \bullet \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}}{\quad}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(a@ \sigma) \bullet (a v) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v, a \in \mathbb{V}}{a@ \sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, a \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{\sigma \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^\omega \quad \frac{\sigma \bullet v \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}^+, (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}}{(\sigma@ b) \bullet (v b) \bullet \sigma' \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq, v \in \mathbb{V}}{\sigma@ b \in \vec{\mathbb{S}}} \sqsubseteq$$

<sup>1</sup> Note:  $a[x \leftarrow b]$  is the capture-avoiding substitution of  $b$  for all free occurrences of  $x$  within  $a$ . We let  $\text{FV}(a)$  be the free variables of  $a$ . We define the call-by-value semantics of closed terms (without free variables)  $\overline{\mathbb{T}} \triangleq \{a \in \mathbb{T} \mid \text{FV}(a) = \emptyset\}$ .



## Fixpoint big-step maximal trace semantics

The bifinitary trace semantics is

$$\vec{S} = \text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq} \vec{F}$$

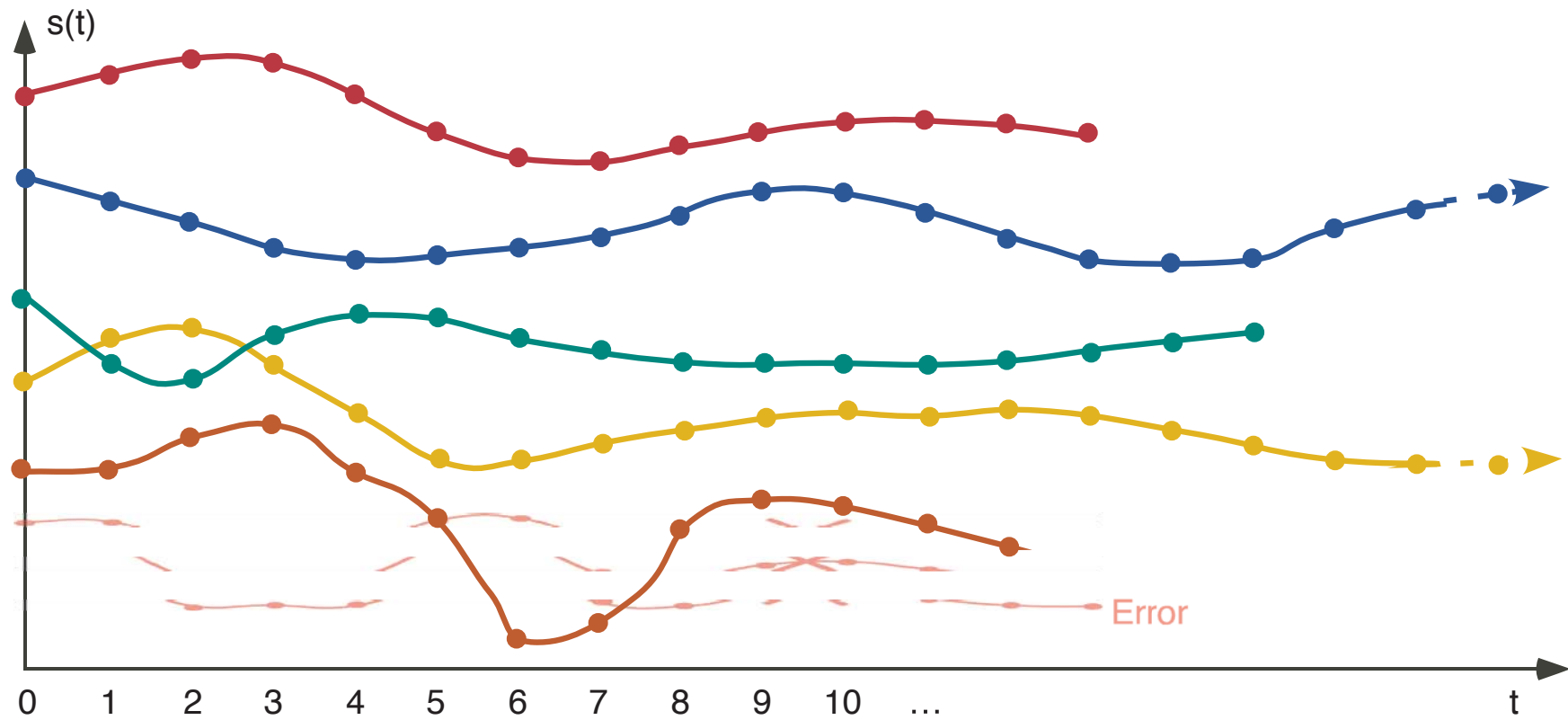
where  $\vec{F} \in \wp(\overline{\mathbb{T}}^\infty) \mapsto \wp(\overline{\mathbb{T}}^\infty)$  is

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{F}(S) \triangleq & \{v \in \overline{\mathbb{T}}^\infty \mid v \in \mathbb{V}\} \cup \\ & \{(\lambda x \cdot a) v \cdot a[x \leftarrow v] \cdot \sigma \mid v \in \mathbb{V} \wedge a[x \leftarrow v] \cdot \sigma \in S\} \cup \\ & \{\sigma @ b \mid \sigma \in S^\omega\} \cup \\ & \{(\sigma @ b) \cdot (v b) \cdot \sigma' \mid \sigma \neq \epsilon \wedge \sigma \cdot v \in S^+ \wedge v \in \mathbb{V} \wedge (v b) \cdot \sigma' \in S\} \cup \\ & \{a @ \sigma \mid a \in \mathbb{V} \wedge \sigma \in S^\omega\} \cup \\ & \{(a @ \sigma) \cdot (a v) \cdot \sigma' \mid a, v \in \mathbb{V} \wedge \sigma \neq \epsilon \wedge \sigma \cdot v \in S^+ \wedge (a v) \cdot \sigma' \in S\} . \end{aligned}$$

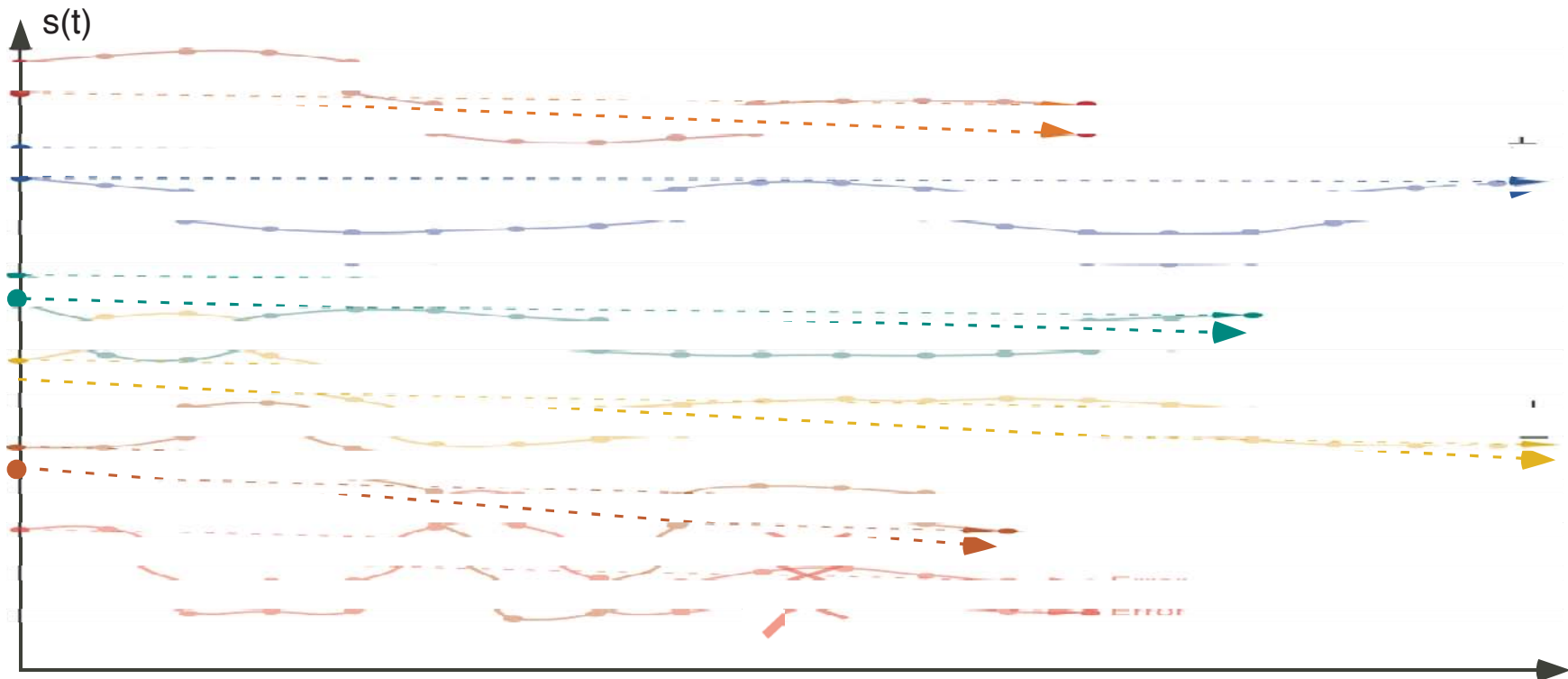


# Relational Semantics

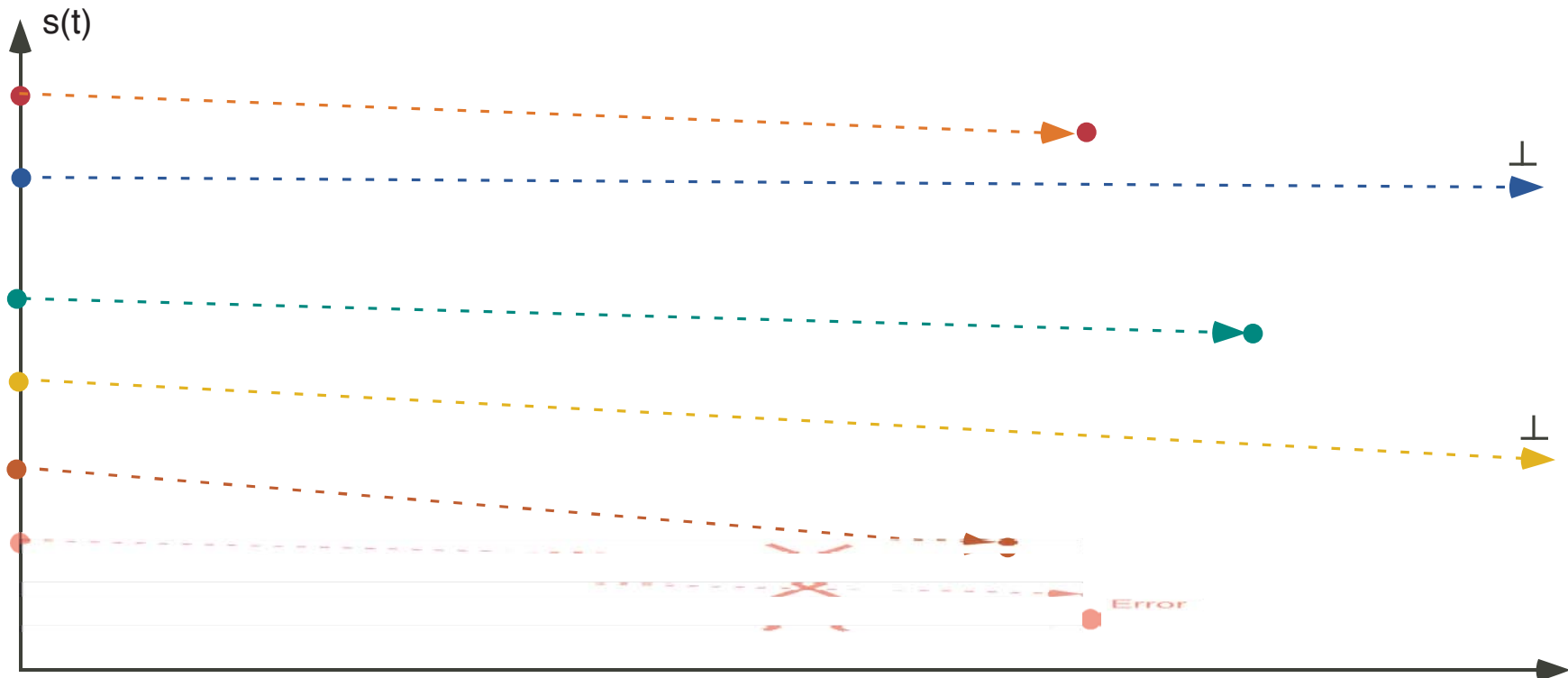
# Trace Semantics



# Relational Semantics = $\alpha$ (Trace Semantics)



# Relational Semantics



# Abstraction to the Bifinitary Relational Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus

remember the input/output behaviors,  
forget about the intermediate computation steps

$$\alpha(T) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{\alpha(\sigma) \mid \sigma \in T\}$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \bullet \sigma_1 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sigma_0 \Longrightarrow \sigma_n$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_n \bullet \dots) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sigma_0 \Longrightarrow \perp$$





# Bifinitary Relational Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus

$$\begin{array}{c}
 v \Rightarrow v, \quad v \in \mathbb{V} \\
 \hline
 a \Rightarrow \perp \\
 \hline
 a \ b \Rightarrow \perp \quad \sqsubseteq
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{c}
 b \Rightarrow \perp \\
 \hline
 a \ b \Rightarrow \perp \quad \sqsubseteq, \quad a \in \mathbb{V}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a[x \leftarrow v] \Rightarrow r \\
 \hline
 (\lambda x \cdot a) \ v \Rightarrow r \quad \sqsubseteq, \quad v \in \mathbb{V}, \ r \in \mathbb{V} \cup \{\perp\}
 \end{array}$$

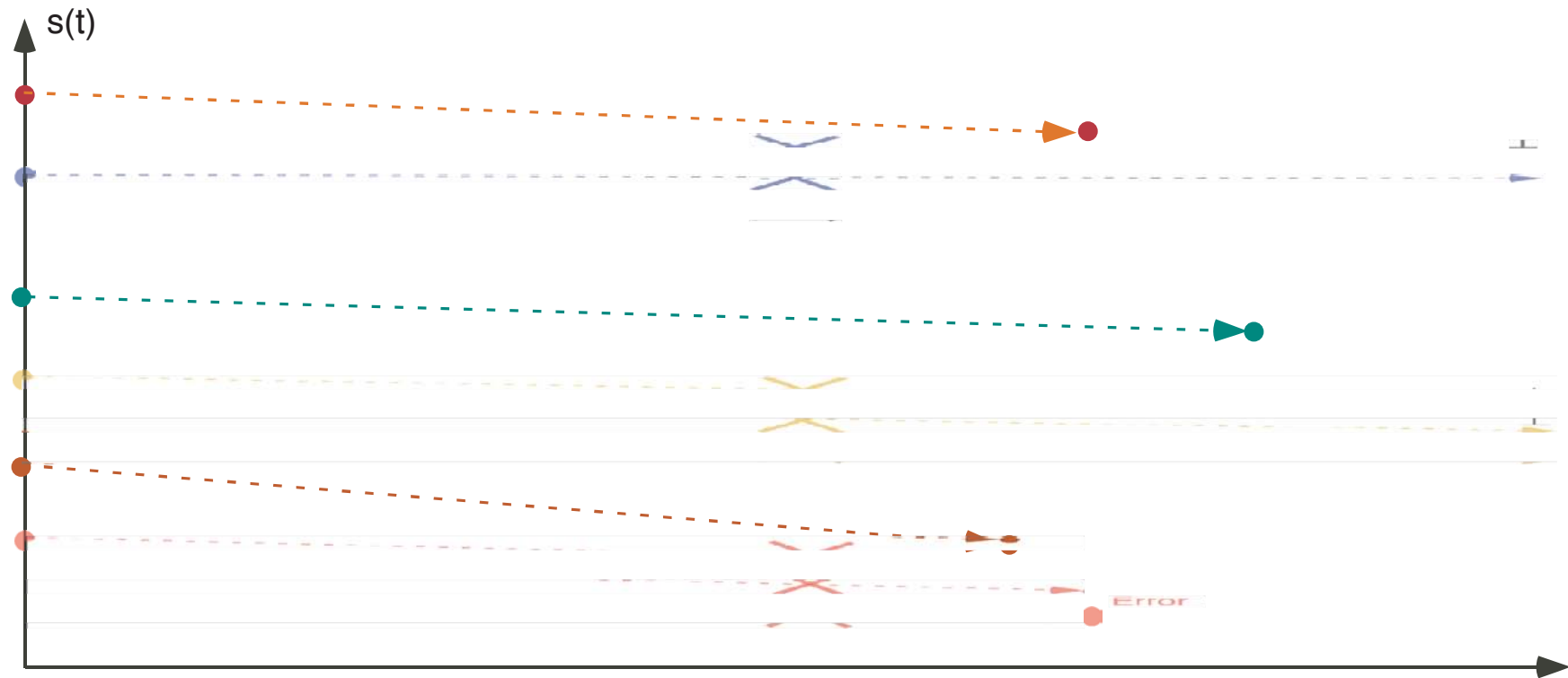
$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \Rightarrow v, \quad v \ b \Rightarrow r \\
 \hline
 a \ b \Rightarrow r \quad \sqsubseteq, \quad v \in \mathbb{V}, \ r \in \mathbb{V} \cup \{\perp\}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 b \Rightarrow v, \quad a \ v \Rightarrow r \\
 \hline
 a \ b \Rightarrow r \quad \sqsubseteq, \quad a \in \mathbb{V}, \ v \in \mathbb{V}, \ r \in \mathbb{V} \cup \{\perp\}.
 \end{array}$$



# Natural Semantics

# Natural Semantics = $\alpha$ (Relational Semantics)



# Abstraction to the Natural Big-Step Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus

remember the finite input/output behaviors,  
forget about non-termination

$$\alpha(T) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigcup \{ \alpha(\sigma) \mid \sigma \in T \}$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \Rightarrow \sigma_n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \sigma_0 \Rightarrow \sigma_n \}$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \Rightarrow \perp) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \emptyset$$



# Natural Big-Step Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus [Kah88]

$$v \Rightarrow v, \quad v \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{a[x \leftarrow v] \Rightarrow r}{(\lambda x \cdot a) \quad v \Rightarrow r} \subseteq, \quad v \in \mathbb{V}, r \in \mathbb{V}$$

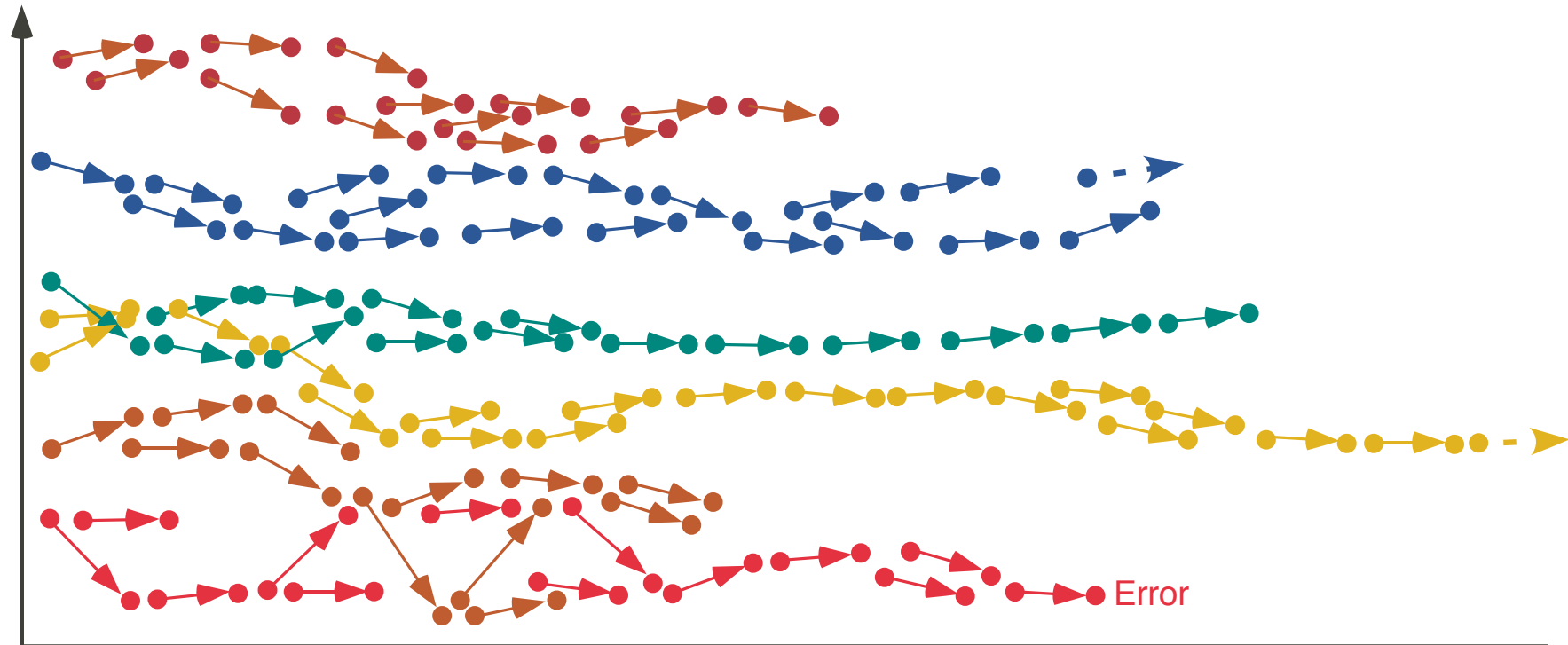
$$\frac{a \Rightarrow v, \quad v \quad b \Rightarrow r}{a \quad b \Rightarrow r} \subseteq, \quad v \in \mathbb{V}, r \in \mathbb{V}$$

$$\frac{b \Rightarrow v, \quad a \quad v \Rightarrow r}{a \quad b \Rightarrow r} \subseteq, \quad a \in \mathbb{V}, v \in \mathbb{V}, r \in \mathbb{V}.$$



# Transition Semantics

# Transition Semantics = $\alpha$ (Trace Semantics)



# Abstraction to the Transition Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus

remember execution steps,  
forget about their sequencing

$$\alpha(T) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigcup \{ \alpha(\sigma) \mid \sigma \in T \}$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \bullet \sigma_1 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \sigma_i \longrightarrow \sigma_{i+1} \mid 0 \leq i \wedge i < n \}$$

$$\alpha(\sigma_0 \bullet \dots \bullet \sigma_n \bullet \dots) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \sigma_i \longrightarrow \sigma_{i+1} \mid i \geq 0 \}$$





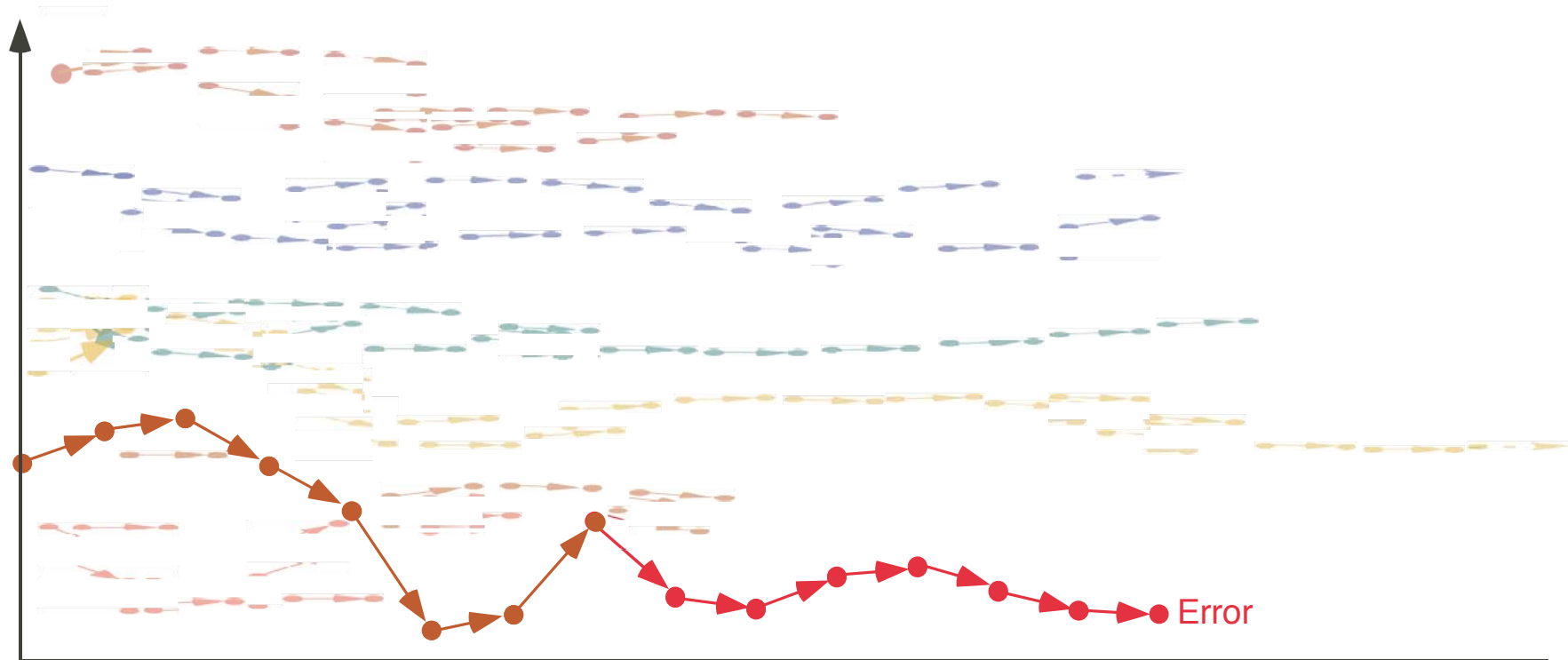
# Transition Semantics of the Eager $\lambda$ -calculus [Plo81]

$$((\lambda x \cdot a) v) \longrightarrow a[x \leftarrow v]$$

$$\frac{a_0 \longrightarrow a_1}{a_0 b \longrightarrow a_1 b} \subseteq$$

$$\frac{b_0 \longrightarrow b_1}{v b_0 \longrightarrow v b_1} \subseteq .$$

# Approximation



$$\begin{aligned}
 & ((\lambda_x \cdot x \ x) \ ((\lambda_z \cdot z) \ 0)) \ (\lambda_y \cdot y) \rightarrow ((\lambda_x \cdot x \ x) \ 0) \ (\lambda_y \cdot y) \\
 & \rightarrow (0 \ 0) \ (\lambda_y \cdot y) \quad \text{an error!}
 \end{aligned}$$

# 4. Abstraction

## Kleenean abstraction

- $\langle \mathcal{D}, \sqsubseteq, \perp, \sqcup \rangle, \langle \mathcal{D}^\#, \sqsubseteq^\#, \perp^\#, \sqcup^\# \rangle$  dcpos
- $F \in \mathcal{D} \mapsto \mathcal{D}, F^\# \in \mathcal{D}^\# \mapsto \mathcal{D}^\#$  monotone
- $\alpha \in \mathcal{D} \mapsto \mathcal{D}^\#$  strict and continuous on chains of  $\mathcal{D}$
- $\alpha \circ F = F^\# \circ \alpha$ , commutation condition  
 $\implies \alpha(\text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq} F) = \text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq^\#} F^\#$

OK for abstracting finite behaviors, not infinite ones



## Tarskian abstraction

- $\langle \mathcal{D}, \sqsubseteq, \perp, \sqcup \rangle, \langle \mathcal{D}^\#, \sqsubseteq^\#, \perp^\#, \sqcup^\# \rangle$  dcpos
- $F \in \mathcal{D} \mapsto \mathcal{D}, F^\# \in \mathcal{D}^\# \mapsto \mathcal{D}^\#$  monotone
- $\alpha \in \mathcal{D} \mapsto \mathcal{D}^\#$  preserves meets
- $F^\# \circ \alpha \sqsubseteq^\# \alpha \circ F$ , semi-commutation condition
- $\forall y \in \mathcal{D}^\# : (F^\#(y) \sqsubseteq^\# y) \implies (\exists x \in \mathcal{D} : \alpha(x) = y \wedge F(x) \sqsubseteq x)$   
 $\implies \alpha(\text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq} F) = \text{lfp}^{\sqsubseteq^\#} F^\#$

OK for abstracting infinite behaviors, not finite ones  
 $\implies$  abstract by parts.



# 5. Conclusion

## Conclusion

- Both **finite and infinite semantics** are needed in **static analysis** (such as strictness, [Myc80]), typing [Cou97, Ler06], etc;
- Such static analyzes must be proved correct with respect to a semantics chosen at an **various level of abstraction** (small-step/big-step trace/relational/natural semantics);
- Static analyzes use various **equivalent presentations** (fixpoints, equational, constraints and inference rules)
- The bifinite extension of SOS should satisfy these needs.



**THE END, THANK YOU**





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